Physical Chemistry Cumulative Exam

Dec 5th, 2019

Dr. Nan Jiang

1.	(5 points) According to Kelvin-Planck statement, it is for a heat engine to produce net work in a complete cycle if it exchanges heat only with bodies at a) impossible, single fixed temperature b) possible, changing temperature c) impossible, changing temperature d) possible, single fixed temperature
2.	(5 points) According to Clausius statement
	a) it is impossible to construct a device than can transfer heat from a cooler body to a
	hotter body without any effect
	b) it is impossible to construct a device than can transfer heat from a hotter body to a
	cooler body without any effect
	c) it is possible to construct a device than can transfer heat from a cooler body to a hotter
	body without any effect
	d) none of the mentioned
3.	(5 points) What does a refrigerant do?
	a) absorbs the heat leakage into body from surroundings
	b) evaporates in the evaporator
	c) absorbs latent heat of vaporization form the body which is cooled
	d) all of the mentioned

- 4. (5 points) Processes inside a thermal energy reservoir are quasi-static. Ture or false? Why?
- 5. (10 points) There is a house hold heater that operates at 4 V and at 35 Ω and is used to heat up 15 g of copper wire. The specific heat capacity of copper is 24.440 J/(mol K). How much time is required to increase the temperature from 25°C to 69°C?
- 6. (20 points) A mixture of 1.78 kg of water and 262 g of ice at 0°C is, in a reversible process, brought to a final equilibrium state where the water / ice ratio, by mass 1:1 at 0°C. (a) Calculate the entropy change of the system during this process. (b) The system is then returned to the first equilibrium state, but in an irreversible way (by using a Bunsen burner, for instance). Calculate the entropy change of the system during this process.
- 7. (10 points). When can a fluid be considered incompressible? Give an everyday example of such a fluid.

- 8. (20 points) Sketch the (tungsten) W(100) surface (as viewed from along the surface normal). (b) On your sketch of the surface, label the [010], [011], [021] and [043] directions.
- 9. (10 points). How can you tell the difference between dynamic and static quenching?
- 10. (10 points) Of the five rotational-vibrational transitions shown here, which two are valid and why?

